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Sonia Fresu, Kai-Sven Müller, Markus Schürmann, Hans Preut* and Peter Eilbracht

Fachbereich Chemie, Universität Dortmund, Otto-Hahn-Strasse 6, 44221 Dortmund, Germany

Correspondence e-mail: uch002@uxp1.hrz.uni-dortmund.de

Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study T = 291 KMean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.002 \text{ Å}$ R factor = 0.036 wR factor = 0.090 Data-to-parameter ratio = 19.7

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see http://journals.iucr.org/e.

rac-(1*S*,11*S*,15*S*)-1-Hydroxymethylbicyclo-[9.3.1]pentadecan-15-ol

The molecule of the title compound, $C_{16}H_{30}O_2$, features a *trans*-fused bicyclic system. The six-membered ring has a chair conformation. The molecules are linked *via* an $O-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bond $[O\cdots O = 2.7696 (11) \text{ Å} \text{ and } O-H\cdots O = 174.2 (13)^\circ]$ to form chains along the *b* axis. An intramolecular $O-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bond $[O\cdots O = 2.6722 (11) \text{ Å} \text{ and } O-H\cdots O = H\cdots O = 148.4 (13)^\circ]$ is present.

Comment

In order to study the reductive ring fragmentation (Marshall & Scanio, 1965) of keto-bridged bicyclic esters, ethyl 12-iodo-15oxobicyclo[9.3.1]pentadecane-1-carboxylate (Fresu *et al.*, 2004) was treated with lithium aluminium hydride. Surprisingly, the title compound, (I), isolated in 58% yield after extractive work-up, was found to result from deiodation and complete reduction of all carbonyl groups to alcohol functionalities. Reduction of the C15 keto group to alcohol gave only one epimer at the new stereogenic centre. The configuration had to be clarified by X-ray crystallography.

OН

(I)

CH₂OH

Experimental

HIIII

A solution of ethyl 12-iodo-15-oxobicyclo[9.3.1]pentadecane-1carboxylate (1.6 g, 3.8 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (30 ml) was treated with LiAlH₄ (2.8 g, 7.62 mmol). The resulting suspension was heated under reflux for 16 h. Upon cooling to ambient temperature, water (100 ml) was carefully added, followed by HCl (concentrated) until a homogeneous solution was obtained. The solution was extracted with diethyl ether (3×30 ml). The combined ether layers were dried over MgSO₄ and the solvent was removed to yield 0.56 g (2.2 mmol, 58%) of the title compound. ¹H NMR: 3.75 (d, 1H, ³J = 10.7 Hz, H15), 3.48 $(t, 2H, {}^{3}J = 11.2 \text{ Hz}, CH_{2}), 2.72 (s, OH), 2.25 (m, 3H, CH_{2}), 2.00-1.88$ (m, 8H, CH₂), 1.78-1.54 (m, 4H, CH₂), 1.51-1.37 (m, 4H, CH₂), 1.26-1.09 (m, 2H, CH₂), 0.98–0.88 (m, 4H, CH₂). ¹³C NMR: 82.72 (C15), 72.13 (C16), 43.10 (CH₂), 34.87 (CH₂), 34.32 (C11), 33.18 (CH₂), 29.97 (CH₂), 29.85 (CH₂), 27.41 (CH₂), 25.79 (CH₂), 24.20 (CH₂), 23.56 (CH₂), 22.66 (CH₂), 22.05 (CH₂), 21.09 (CH₂), 19.84 (CH₂). IR (neat): 3265 (s), 2927 (s), 2917 (s), 2852 (s), 1473 (m), 1463 (m), 1086 (m), 1050 (m), 1019 (m). LR-MS: 236 (M - H₂O, 100), 218 (8), 205 (24), 109 (14), 95 (23), 81 (24), 67 (20), 55 (28), 41 (33), 29 (8).

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Crystal data

 $C_{16}H_{30}O_2$ $M_r = 254.40$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ a = 13.0319 (7) Å b = 8.4862 (4) Å c = 14.4047 (9) Å $\beta = 110.539$ (3)° V = 1491.77 (14) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer ω scans Absorption correction: none 12034 measured reflections 3393 independent reflections 1996 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0478P)^2]$ $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $wR(F^2) = 0.090$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$ S = 0.90 $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.19$ e Å⁻³3393 reflections $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.14$ e Å⁻³172 parametersExtinction correction: SHELXL97H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinementExtinction coefficient: 0.012 (3)

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, $^{\circ}$).

$D - H \cdots A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots A$
$O2-H2\cdots O1$	0.89 (2)	1.87 (2)	2.6722 (11)	148 (1)
$O1-H1\cdots O2^{i}$	0.85 (1)	1.92 (2)	2.7696 (11)	174 (1)

 $D_x = 1.133 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Cell parameters from 12034

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

reflections

 $\theta = 2.9-27.5^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.07 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

T = 291 (1) K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.023$

 $\theta_{\rm max} = 27.5^{\circ}$

 $h = -16 \rightarrow 16$

 $k = -10 \rightarrow 10$

 $l = -18 \rightarrow 17$

Block, colourless

 $0.20 \times 0.10 \times 0.05 \ \mathrm{mm}$

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

The hydroxy H atoms were refined isotropically and the remaining H atoms were placed in calculated positions (C-H = 0.97-0.98 Å) with $U_{\rm iso}$ values constrained to be 1.2 times $U_{\rm eq}$ of the carrier atom.

Data collection: COLLECT (Nonius, 1998); cell refinement: DENZO and SCALEPACK (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: DENZO and SCALEPACK; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1990); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics:



Figure 1

View of the title compound, showing the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are draown at the 30% probability level.

SHELXTL-Plus (Sheldrick, 1991); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97, PARST95 (Nardelli, 1995) and PLATON (Spek, 2003).

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